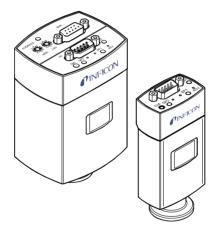


# Pirani Standard Gauge PSG550 PSG552 PSG554



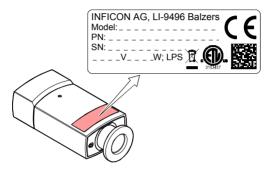
CE

Operating Manual Incl. EC Declaration of Conformity



#### **Product Identification**

In all communications with INFICON, please specify the information given on the product nameplate. For convenient reference copy that information into the space provided below.

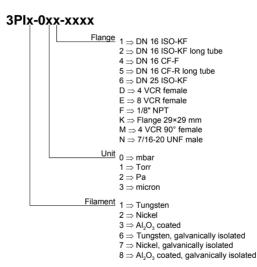




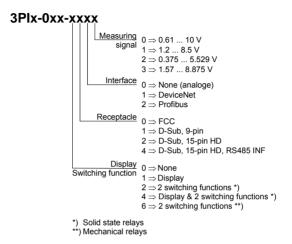
# Validity

This document applies to products of the PSG55x series.

Part numbers of standard products are indicated below. OEM products have other part numbers and different parameter settings (e.g. factory setting of setpoint) as defined in the corresponding ordering information.







The part number (PN) can be taken from the product nameplate.

If not indicated otherwise in the legends, the illustrations in this document correspond to gauges with the DN 16 ISO-KF vacuum connection and display. They apply to gauges with other vacuum connections by analogy.

We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice.



### Intended Use

The Pirani Standard Gauge PSG55x has been designed for vacuum measurement of gases in the pressure range of  $5{\times}10^{-5}$  ... 1000 mbar.

They must not be used for measuring flammable or combustible gases in mixtures containing oxidants (e.g. atmospheric oxygen) within the explosion range.

The gauge is intended for operation in connection with an INFICON Vacuum Gauge Controller VCG401, 402, 403 or with another suitable controller.

#### Trademark

VCR<sup>®</sup> Swagelok Marketing Co.

#### Patents

EP 0689669 B1, 0689670 B1 US Patent 5608168

## Scope of Delivery

1× gauge

- 1× pin for adjusting settings via buttons
- 1× Operating Manual English
- 1× Operating Manual German



# Contents

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For cross-references within this document, the symbol  $(\rightarrow \boxtimes XY)$  is used, for cross-references to further documents, listed under "Further Information", the symbol  $(\rightarrow \bigsqcup [Z])$ .



## 1 Safety

## 1.1 Symbols Used



Information on preventing any kind of physical injury.

Information on preventing extensive equipment and environmental damage.

Caution

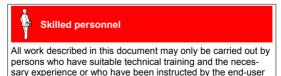
Information on correct handling or use. Disregard can lead to malfunctions or minor equipment damage.



<...> Labeling

of the product.

#### 1.2 Personnel Qualifications





#### 1.3 General Safety Instructions

- Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for the process media used.
   Consider possible reactions with the product materials.
   Consider possible reactions (e.g. explosion) of the process media due to the heat generated by the product.
- Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for all work you are going to do and consider the safety instructions in this document.
- Before beginning to work, find out whether any vacuum components are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.

Communicate the safety instructions to all other users.

#### 1.4 Liability and Warranty

INFICON assumes no liability and the warranty becomes null and void if the end-user or third parties

- · disregard the information in this document
- · use the product in a non-conforming manner
- make any kind of interventions (modifications, alterations etc.) on the product
- use the product with accessories not listed in the product documentation.

The end-user assumes the responsibility in conjunction with the process media used.

Gauge failures due to contamination or wear and tear, as well as expendable parts (e.g. filament) are not covered by the warranty.



# 2 Technical Data

For further technical data for gauges with serial interfaces  $\rightarrow \square$  [3], [4], [5].

Measurement principle	thermal conductance acc. to Pirani
Measurement range	5×10 <sup>-5</sup> … 1000 mbar
Accuracy (N <sub>2</sub> ) 5×10 <sup>-4</sup> 1×10 <sup>-3</sup> mbar	
5×10 <sup>-4</sup> … 1×10 <sup>-3</sup> mbar	±50% of reading
1×10 <sup>-3</sup> … 100 mbar	±15% of reading
100 1000 mbar	±50% of reading
Resolution (at 1000 mbar)	±0.15% of reading
Repeatability (N <sub>2</sub> ) 1×10 <sup>-3</sup> 100 mbar	
1×10 <sup>-3</sup> 100 mbar	±2% of reading

Output signal (measurement signal)

0 +10 V
0 +8.5 V
0 +5.529 V
0 +8.875 V
+0.61 +10 V
+1.2 +8.5 V
+0.375 +5.529 V
+1.57 +8.875 V
0 0.05 V
1.286 V/decade, logarithmic
1 V/decade, logarithmic
1 V/decade, logarithmic
$\rightarrow$ 1 20

Output impedance	$2 \times 4.7 \Omega$ , short circuit-proof
Load impedance ≥10 kΩ	
Response time	<10 ms
Gauge identification FCC 68 (+0.61 +10 V)	27 kΩ
HV adjustment	at <10 <sup>-5</sup> mbar
Solid state relays	switching functions SP1, SP2, ATM
Setting range (N <sub>2</sub> )	5.0×10 <sup>-5</sup> … 1000 mbar
Hysteresis <sup>1)</sup>	10% of threshold
Switching characteristics <sup>1)</sup>	Low Trip Point
Contact rating	<30 VAC/DC, ≤0.3 A resistive
closed	LED lit solid
open	LED off
Switching time	<30 ms
Mechanical relays	switching functions SP1, SP2, ATM
Setting range (N <sub>2</sub> )	5.0×10 <sup>-5</sup> … 1000 mbar
Hysteresis <sup>1)</sup>	10% of threshold
Switching characteristics 1)	Low Trip Point
Туре	1 floating contact (n.o.) per switching function
Contact rating	<30 VAC/DC, ≤1 A resistive
closed	LED lit solid
open	LED off
Switching time	<30 ms
Diagnostic port	Jack connector 2.5 mm, 3-pin

<sup>1)</sup> The hysteresis and the switching characteristics can be programmed via the serial interface or the diagnostic port.



Suppl	ly
-------	----

	R
plies, instruments, to the requirements low voltage (SELV)	ly be connected to power sup- or control devices that conform s of a grounded protective extra- ) and limited power source e connection to the gauge has to
Supply voltage	Class 2 / LPS
at the gauge	+15 +30 VDC
Ripple	≤1 V <sub>pp</sub>
Power consumption without fieldbus DeviceNet Profibus	≤2.5 W ≤3 W ≤3 W
Fuse to be connected 2)	1 AT
Electrical connection	
3Plx-0xx-x0xx	FCC 68
3Plx-0xx-x1xx	D-Sub 9-pin, male
3Plx-0xx-x2xx	D-Sub 15-pin HD, male
3Plx-0xx-x4xx	D-Sub 15-pin HD, RS485 INF, male
Sensor cable	shielded 0.14 mm <sup>2</sup> /conductor
Cable length	≤100 m
RS232C operation	≤30 m
Grounding concept	$\rightarrow$ "Power Connection"
Vacuum connection to signal common	connected via 10 k $\Omega$ , 10 nF

<sup>2)</sup> INFICON controllers fulfill this requirement.



RS232C / RS485 interface Transmission rate Data format	57600 baud (default) binary 8 data bits one stop bit no parity bit no handshake → "Power Connection"	
For further information on the RS23 $\rightarrow$ $\square$ [3].	32C / RS485C interface	
DeviceNet interface		
Specification, data format, communication protocol	→ 🛄 [6]	
Interface, physical	CAN bus	
Data rate (adjustable via <rate> switch)</rate>	125 kBaud 250 kBaud (default) <p> (125 kBaud, 250 kBaud, 500 kBaud programmable via DeviceNet, <math>\rightarrow \square</math> [4])</p>	
Node address (MAC ID) (Adjustable via <address>, <msd>, <lsd> switches)</lsd></msd></address>	0 63dec (63dec default) < P > (0 63  programmable via DeviceNet, $\rightarrow \square [4]$ )	
DeviceNet connector	Micro-Style, 5-pin, male	
Cable	shielded, special DeviceNet cable, 5 conductors $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 32, $\rightarrow \mathbb{A}$ [7]	
Cable length, system wiring	according to DeviceNet specifications, $\rightarrow \square$ [6], [7]	
For further information on the DeviceNet interface $\rightarrow \square$ [4]		

Profibus interface	
Specification, data format,	
communication protocol	→ 🛄 [8]
Interface, physical	RS485
Data rate	≤12 Mbaud (→ 🛄 [5])
Node address Local	
(Adjustable via hexadecimal <address>, <msd>,</msd></address>	
<lsd> switches)</lsd>	00 … 7D <sub>hex</sub> (0 … 125 <sub>dec</sub> )
Default setting	01C <sub>hex</sub>
Via Profibus (hexadecimal <address> switches set to &gt;7D<sub>hex</sub></address>	
(>125 <sub>dec</sub> )	00 7D <sub>hex</sub> (0 125 <sub>dec</sub> )
Profibus connection	D-Sub, 9-pin, female
Cable	shielded, special Profibus cable, $\rightarrow$ $\cong$ 33, $\rightarrow$ $\bigoplus$ [9]
Cable length, system wiring	according to Profibus specifications, $\rightarrow \Box $ [8], [9]
For further information on the Profi	bus interface $\rightarrow \square$ [5]
Materials exposed to vacuum	
Vacuum connection	stainless steel 1,4435
Filament	
3PI1 / 6-0xx-xxxx	W
3PI2 / 7-0xx-xxxx	Ni
3PI3 / 8-0xx-xxxx	ceramic coated
Feedthrough	glass
Orifice <sup>3)</sup>	stainless steel
Further materials	Ni, NiFe, stainless steel 1.4301

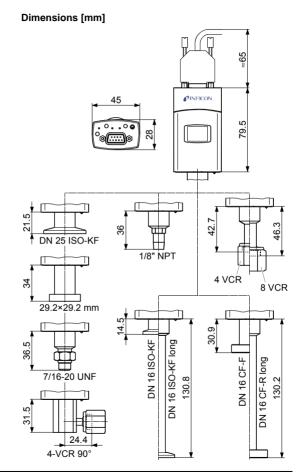
 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3)}\,$  Only versions DN 16 ISO-KF and DN 16 CF-F.



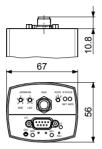
Internal volume DN 16 ISO-KF DN 16 ISO-KF, long tube DN 16 CF-F DN 16 CF-R, long tube DN 25 ISO-KF 4 VCR <sup>®</sup> female 8 VCR <sup>®</sup> female 1/8" NPT Flange 29×29 mm 4 VCR <sup>®</sup> 90°, female 7/16-20 UNF	4.7 cm <sup>3</sup> 14.5 cm <sup>3</sup> 8 cm <sup>3</sup> 14 cm <sup>3</sup> 5.5 cm <sup>3</sup> 5.5 cm <sup>3</sup> 7 cm <sup>3</sup> 5.2 cm <sup>3</sup> 7.9 cm <sup>3</sup> 5.2 cm <sup>3</sup>
Permissible pressure (absolute)	≤5 bar
Bursting pressure (absolute)	10 bar
Permissible temperatures Operation Vacuum connection <sup>4)</sup> Iong tube <sup>4)</sup> Filament Storage Relative humidity Year's mean During 60 days Mounting orientation Use	+10 °C +50 °C ≤80 °C ≤250 °C <160 °C -20 °C +65 °C ≤65% (no condensation) ≤85% (no condensation) any indoors only, altitude up to 2000 m NN
Degree of protection	IP 40
Weight without fieldbus interface with fieldbus interface	115 g130 g 230 g 250 g

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> For horizontal mounting orientation only. During bakeout, measurement range, accuracy, and repeatability may deviate from specifications.

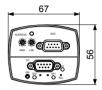




#### DeviceNet



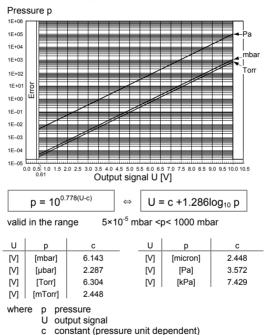
#### Profibus

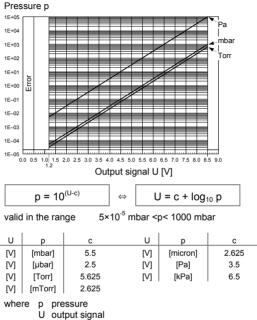


RS485



## 2.1 Output Signal vs. Pressure





#### Measurement range 1.2 ... 8.5 V

c constant (pressure unit dependent)

#### Measurement range 0.375 ... 5.529 V

Signal U	Pressure p			
[V]	[mbar] [Pa]		[Torr]	
0.375	<5×10⁻⁵	<6.65×10 <sup>-3</sup>	<5×10 <sup>-5</sup>	
0.376	0.000133322	0.013332237	0.0001	
0.377	0.000266645	0.026664474	0.0002	
0.379	0.000666612	0.066661184	0.0005	
0.384	0.001333224	0.133322368	0.0010	
0.392	0.002666447	0.266644736	0.0020	
0.417	0.006666118	0.66661184	0.0050	
0.455	0.013332237	1.33322368	0.0100	
0.523	0.026664474	2.66644736	0.0200	
0.682	0.066661184	6.6661184	0.0500	
0.876	0.133322368	13.3322368	0.1000	
1.155	0.266644736	26.6644736	0.2000	
1.683	0.66661184	66.661184	0.5000	
2.217	1.33322368	133.322368	1.0000	
2.842	2.66644736	266.644736	2.0000	
3.675	6.6661184	666.61184	5.0000	
4.206	13.3322368	1333.22368	10.0000	
4.577	26.6644736	2666.44736	20.0000	
4.846	66.661184	6666.1184	50.0000	
4.945	133.322368	13332.2368	100.0000	
5.019	266.644736	26664.4736	200.0000	
5.111	399.967104	39996.7104	300.0000	
5.224	533.289472	53328.9472	400.0000	
5.329	666.61184	66661.184	500.0000	
5.419	799.934208	79993.4208	600.0000	
5.495	933.256576	93325.6576	700.0000	
5.529	1000	100000	750.0637	

#### Valid in the range 0.375 ... 2.842 V

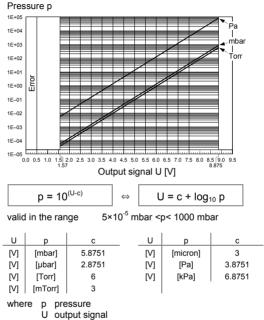
	p = a + bU + c	:U <sup>2</sup> + c	$IU^3 + eU^4 + fU^5$		
_ab	_0.02585 0.03767	c d	0.04563	e f	-0.04158 0.008737
wher	e p pressure U output sig		a, b, c, d, e, f	cor	nstant

Valid in the range 2.842 ... 4.945 V

	\ =	a +	cU + eU	2			
4		1 + bU	+ dU <sup>2</sup> +	fU <sup>3</sup>			
а		0.1031	c	-0.02322	е	0.07229	
b		–0.3986 d		0.07438	f	-0.006866	
where		p pressure in Torr U output signal		a, b, c, d, e, t	CO	constant	

Valid in the range 4.945... 5.529 V

p =		_	а	+ cL	J					
			1 + b	U +	dU²					
a		10	0.624	_	с	:	20.5	623	_	
b	-	-0.	37679		d	0.0	034	8656		
wher	e	p U	pressur output				a, I	o, c, c	t	constant



#### Measurement range 1.57 ... 8.875 V

c constant (pressure unit dependent)



## 2.2 Gas Type Dependence

Indicated pressure (gauge calibrated for air) p (mbar) 10² 8 6 Ne He Air O 4 N 2 101 Ar 8 Π Freon 12 4 Kr L I 2 Xe 100 - 8 6 4 2 10-1 8 6 4 2 Water vapor 10-8 4 2 10-3 4 6 10-1 2 4 6 10º 2 4 6 10<sup>2</sup> 10-3 2 4 6 10-2 2 4 6 10<sup>1</sup> 2 p<sub>eff</sub> (mbar)

#### **Calibration factors**

valid for Pirani pressure range below 1 mbar

	p <sub>eff</sub> = C × ir		
Gas type	Calibration factor C	Gas type	Calibration factor C
He	0.8	H <sub>2</sub>	0.5
Ne	1.4	air, O <sub>2</sub> , CO, N <sub>2</sub>	1.0
Ar	1.7	CO <sub>2</sub>	0.9
Kr	2.4	water vapor	0.5
Xe	3.0	Freon 12	0.7



### 3 Installation

## 3.1 Vacuum Connection

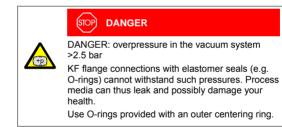


#### TOP DANGER

DANGER: overpressure in the vacuum system >1 bar

Injury caused by released parts and harm caused by escaping process gases can result if clamps are opened while the vacuum system is pressurized.

Do not open any clamps while the vacuum system is pressurized. Use the type clamps which are suited to overpressure.







#### STOP DANGER

DANGER: protective ground

Products that are not correctly connected to ground can be extremely hazardous in the event of a fault.

Electrically connect the gauge to the grounded vacuum chamber. This connection must conform to the requirements of a protective connection according to EN 61010:

- CF, NPT, UNF and VCR flanges fulfill this requirement.
- For gauges with a KF flange, use a conductive metallic clamping ring.
- For gauges with a ½" tube and a 29×29 mm flange, take appropriate measures to fulfill this requirement.

Caution
---------

Caution: vacuum component

Dirt and damages impair the function of the vacuum component.

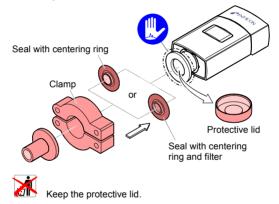
When handling vacuum components, take appropriate measures to ensure cleanliness and prevent damages.

Caution Caution: dirt sensitive area Touching the product or parts thereof with bare hands increases the desorption rate. Always wear clean, lint-free gloves and use clean



Mount the gauge so that no vibrations occur. The gauge may be mounted in any orientation. To keep condensates and particles from getting into the measuring chamber preferably choose a horizontal to upright position and consider using a seal with centering ring and filter. If adjustment should be possible after the gauge has been installed, be sure to install it so that the buttons can be accessed with a pin.

Remove the protective lid and connect the product to the vacuum system.





### 3.2 Power Connection

F

Make sure the vacuum connection is properly made (  $\rightarrow$   $\boxplus$  24).

	STOP DANGER
Ţ	The gauge may only be connected to power supplies, instruments or control devices that conform to the requirements of a grounded protective extralow voltage (SELV) and limited power source (LPS), Class 2. The connection to the gauge has to be fused. <sup>5)</sup>



Ground loops, differences of potential, or EMC problems may affect the measurement signal. For optimum signal quality, please do observe the following notes:

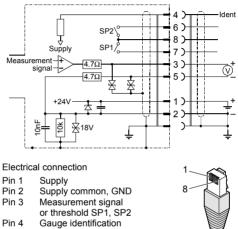
- Connect the cable shield to ground on one side via the connector housing. Do not connect the other side of the shield.
- Connect the supply common with protective ground directly at the power supply.
- Use differential measurement input (signal common and supply common conducted separately).
- Potential difference between supply common and housing ≤18 V (overvoltage protection).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5)</sup> INFICON controllers fulfill these requirements.



#### 3.2.1 FCC 68, 8-pin Connector

If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable.



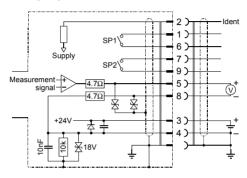
- Pin 5 Signal common
- Pin 6, 8 Relay SP2 Common closing contact (com) Pin 7, 8 Relay SP1 Common closing contact (com)

8-pin FCC-68 connector



#### 3.2.2 D-Sub, 9-pin Connector

If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable.



Electrical connection

- Pin 1 Relay SP1, closing contact
- Pin 2 Gauge identification
- Pin 3 Supply
- Pin 4 Supply common, GND
- Pin 5 Measurement signal or thresholds SP1, SP2
- Pin 6 Relay SP1 Common contact (com) Pin 7 Relay SP2

Common contact (com)

- Pin 8 Signal common
- Pin 9 Relay SP2, closing contact

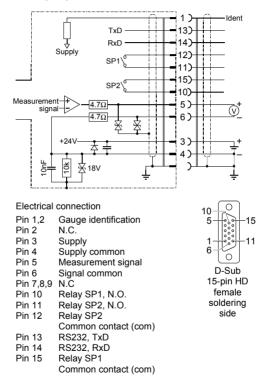


D-Sub, 9-pin female soldering side



#### 3.2.3 D-Sub, 15-pin HD Connector

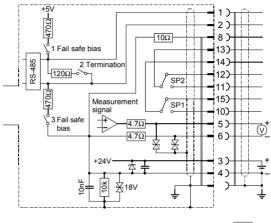
If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable.





#### 3.2.4 D-Sub, 15-pin HD, RS485 INF Connector

If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable.



Electrical connection

- Pin 1 RS485 B+
- Pin 2 RS485 A-
- Pin 3 Supply
- Pin 4 Supply common
- Pin 5 Measurement signal
- Pin 6 Signal common
- Pin 7 Reserved
- Pin 8 RS485 GND
- Pin 9 Reserved
- Pin 10 Relay SP1, N.O.
- Pin 11 Relay SP2, N.O.
- Pin 12 Relay SP2, common contact (com)
- Pin 13 Relay SP2, N.C.
- Pin 14 Relay SP1, N.C.
- Pin 15 Relay SP1, common contact (com)

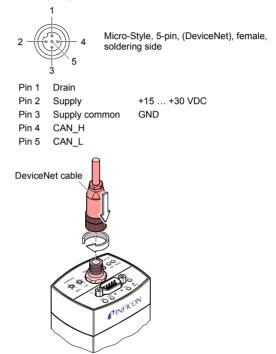


D-Sub 15-pin HD female soldering side



#### 3.2.5 DeviceNet Connector

If no DeviceNet cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the DeviceNet cable.





#### 3.2.6 Profibus Connector

Pin 3

Pin 4

Pin 5

If no Profibus cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the Profibus cable.

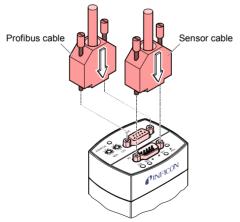


- RxD/TxD-P
   Pin 7, 9
   Not connected

   CNTR-P<sup>11</sup>
   Pin 8
   RxD/TxD-N
- <sup>1)</sup> Only to be connected if an *optical link* module is used.

DGND<sup>2)</sup>

<sup>2)</sup> Only required as line termination for devices at both ends of bus cable (→ □ [9]).





### 4 Operation

When the supply voltage is applied, the measurement signal is available at the connector ( $\rightarrow$  "Power Connection").

Allow a stabilization period of at least 10 minutes. It is advisable to operate the gauge continuously, irrespective of the pressure.

The gauge is factory calibrated. Due to long time operation or contamination, a zero drift could occur. Periodically check the zero and adjust it if necessary (adjusting the gauge  $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  51).

#### 4.1 Status Indication and Displays

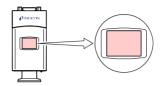
#### Light-emitting diodes (LEDs)



LED	State	Meaning
<st></st>	off	no supply voltage
	lit green	measurement mode
	lit red	error
<sp1></sp1>	lit green	Relay SP 1 closed
	off	Relay SP 1 open
<sp2></sp2>	lit green	Relay SP 2 closed
	off	Relay SP 2 open



#### Liquid crystal display (LCD)



LCD	Meaning
off	no supply voltage
lit green	measurement / parameter mode
lit red	error

P

The display can be rotated by 180  $^\circ$  via the diagnostic port.

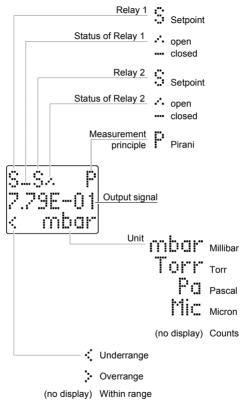
#### Put the gauge into operation



When the supply voltage is applied the software version is briefly displayed.

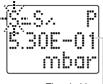


#### Measurement mode





### Parameter mode

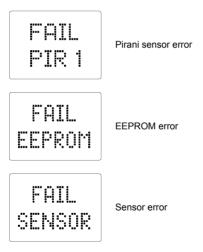


Threshold -

### Switching functions <S>

When the <SP1> or <SP2> button is pushed, the corresponding threshold is displayed and the corresponding relay flashes.

**Error display** (trouble shooting  $\rightarrow \cong 54$ )





## 4.2 Gas Type Dependence

The measurement value is gas dependent. The pressure reading applies to dry air,  $O^2$ , CO and  $N^2$ . For other gases, it has to be corrected ( $\rightarrow$  "Technical Data").

If the gauge is operated with an INFICON controller, a calibration factor for correction of the actual reading can be applied ( $\rightarrow \square$  of the corresponding controller).

## 4.3 Switching Functions SP1, SP2

The two switching functions can be set to any pressure within the measurement range of the gauge. A solid state relay is provided for each switching function.

The current threshold setting

- · can be read / written via the diagnostic port
- is output at the measurement signal output instead of the pressure signal, can be measured with a voltmeter, and is displayed on the LCD display after the <SP1> or <SP2> button is pressed
- can be read / written via the DeviceNet, Profibus and RS485 interface.

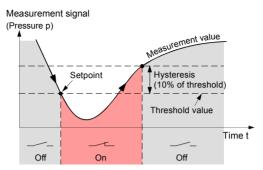
### Switching characteristics and hysteresis

The switching characteristics and the hysteresis of each set point can be programmed ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  41).

### Low Trip Point (default)

If the pressure in the vacuum system is lower than the setpoint, the corresponding LED (<SP1> or <SP2>) is lit solid and the corresponding relay is closed.

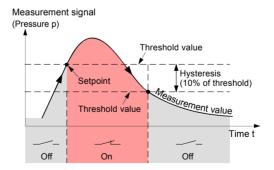




The setpoints SP1 and SP2 are factory set to the lower measurement range limit and therefore do not switch.

### **High Trip Point**

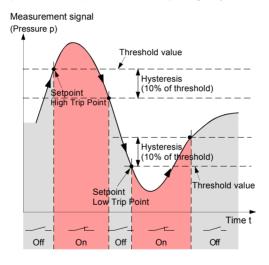
If the pressure in the vacuum system is higher than the setpoint, the corresponding LED (<SP1> or <SP2>) is lit solid and the corresponding relay is closed.





### **High & Low Trip Point**

Both a High Trip Point and a Low Trip Point are assigned to each setpoint. If the pressure in the vacuum system is higher than the defined High Trip Point threshold, the corresponding LED (<SP1> or <SP2>) is lit and the corresponding relay is closed. If the pressure in the vacuum system is lower than the defined Low Trip Point threshold, the corresponding LED (<SP1> or <SP2>) is lit and the corresponding relay is closed.



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The setpoints can only be programmed via

- the diagnostic port (→ □□ [3])
- the DeviceNet, Profibus and RS485 interface  $(\rightarrow \square [3], [4], [5]).$



#### 4.3.1 Adjusting the Setpoints SP1, SP2



The switching characteristics and the hysteresis can only be programmed via

- the diagnostic port ( $\rightarrow \square$  [3])
- the DeviceNet, Profibus and RS485 interface  $(\rightarrow \square [3], [4], [5]).$



The thresholds of the setpoints can be adjusted via

- the buttons on the gauge
- the diagnostic port ( $\rightarrow \square$  [3])
- the DeviceNet. Profibus and RS485 interface  $(\rightarrow \square [3], [4], [5]).$

PP-

If both a High Trip Point and a Low Trip Point are assigned to a setpoint. Low Trip Point only can be adjusted via the corresponding button on the gauge.

TOP]	DANGE	í
		l



DANGER: malfunction

If processes are controlled via the signal output. keep in mind that by pushing an <SP> button the measurement signal is suppressed and the corresponding threshold value is output instead. This can cause malfunctions.

Push the <SP> button only if you are sure that no damages can arise from a malfunction.



### Adjusting setpoint SP1 with button on the gauge



D Push the <SP1> button with a pin (max. ø1.1 mm) and keep it depressed. The gauge changes to the switching function mode and outputs the current threshold value at the measurement value output or on the LCD for about 5 s and the corresponding  $\langle S \rangle$  on the display blinks.

The threshold setting is increased towards the upper limit until the button is released or the limit is reached





2 Push the <SP1> button again:

Fine adjustment within 01 s:	the threshold value changes by one unit
Change of direction within 23 s:	the threshold adjustment changes its direction



The <SP1> button is released for more than 5 s: the threshold value is saved and the gauge returns to the measurement mode.



The factory setting of the upper threshold is 10% above the Low Trip Point and 10% below the High Trip Point (hysteresis).





If after programming of the hysteresis the corresponding button <SP1> or <SP2> is pushed, the factory setting of the corresponding hysteresis (10%) is reactivated.

### Programming setpoint SP1

Programmable parameters: $(\rightarrow \square [3], [4], [5])$	Low Trip Point Low Trip Enable Low Trip Point Hysteresis
	High Trip Point High Trip Enable High Trip Point Hysteresis Setpoint Mode

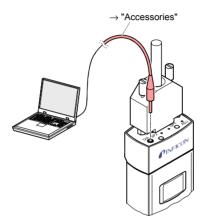
### Adjusting setpoint SP2

The adjustment procedure is the same as for setpoint SP1.



## 4.4 Diagnostic Port (RS232C Interface)

The diagnostic port <DIA> permits to output the pressure reading and all status information and to enter all settings at the same time ( $\rightarrow \square$  [3]).





## 4.5 DeviceNet Operation

	Caution
	Caution: data transmission errors
<u><u> </u></u>	The attempt to operate the DeviceNet gauge with the RS232C interface causes data transmission errors.
	This DeviceNet gauge must not be operated with the RS232C interface.

Before the gauge is put into operation, it has to be configured for the DeviceNet. A configuration tool and the device specific EDS (Electronic Data Sheet) file are required for this purpose. This software can be downloaded from our website.

### **Node Address Setting**



Set the node address  $(0 \dots 63_{dec})$  via the <ADDRESS>, <MSD>, and <LSD> switches (default 63\_{dec}). The node address is polled by the firmware when the gauge is switched on. If the setting deviates from the stored value, the new value is taken over into the NVRAM. If a setting higher than 63 is made, the previous node address setting remains valid. If the <MSD> switch is in the <P> position, the node address is programmable via the DeviceNet ( $\rightarrow \square$  [4]).



## **Data Rate Setting**



By means of the <RATE> switch, the data rate can be set to 125 (<1>), 250 (<2>) or 500 kBaud (<5>) (default 500 kBaud).

If the switch is in the  $\langle P \rangle$  position, the data rate is programmable via the DeviceNet ( $\rightarrow \square$  [4]).

## Status LED

Two LEDs on the gauge inform on the gauge status and the current DeviceNet status.

### <STATUS MOD> (gauge status):

LED	Meaning
off	No supply
blinking green-red	Selftest
lit solid green	Normal operation
lit solid red	Non recoverable error
blinking red	Recoverable error (e.g. missing DeviceNet power supply)

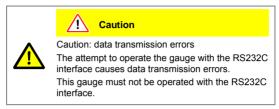


## <STATUS NET> (network status):

LED	Meaning
off	Gauge not online:
	Selftest not yet concluded
	• No supply, $\rightarrow$ "STATUS MOD"
blinking green	Gauge online but no communication:
	Selftest concluded but no communica- tion to other nodes established
	Gauge not assigned to any master
lit solid green	Gauge online; necessary connections established
blinking red	One or several input / output connections in "time out" status
lit solid red	Communication error. The gauge has de- tected an error that impedes communica- tion via the network (e.g. two identical node addresses (MAC IC) or "Bus-off")



## 4.6 Profibus Operation



For operating the gauge via Profibus, prior installation of the device specific GSD file is required on the bus master side. This file can be downloaded from our website.

## **Node Address Setting**

For unambiguous identification of the gauge in a Profibus environment, a node address is required.



Node address 0 ... 125<sub>dec</sub>

The node address is set in hexadecimal form  $(00 \dots 7D_{hex})$  via the <MSD> and <LSD> switches. It can not be defined via Profibus.

### Node address >7D<sub>hex</sub> (>125<sub>dec</sub>)

The gauge starts with the node address  $126_{dec}.$  The address can now be set via Profibus ("Set slave address",  $\rightarrow \Box \Box$  [5]). Additionally, via the attribute "NO\_ADD\_CHG" can be defined, if further changes of the node address are permissible.

The values of the nude address and the attribute are stored non-volatile. To change these stored values, start the gauge with a node address <126\_{dec}. The stored values of the nude address and the attribute are deleted.



## Deinstallation

5

#### DANGER STOP

DANGER: contaminated parts

Contaminated parts can be detrimental to health and environment.

Before beginning to work, find out whether any parts are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.

Caution

Caution: vacuum component

Dirt and damages impair the function of the vacuum component.

When handling vacuum components, take appropriate measures to ensure cleanliness and prevent damages.



Caution: dirt sensitive area

Touching the product or parts thereof with bare hands increases the desorption rate.

Always wear clean, lint-free gloves and use clean tools when working in this area.



• Vent the vacuum system.

Put the gauge out of operation.

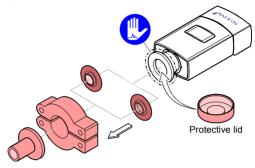




**3** Untighten the fastening screw(s) and disconnect the sensor cable.



Remove gauge from the vacuum system and install the protective lid.





## 6 Maintenance, Repair

Gauge failures due to contamination and wear and tear, as well as expendable parts (e.g. filament), are not covered by the warranty.

INFICON assumes no liability and the warranty becomes null and void if any repair work is carried out by the end-user or third parties.

## 6.1 Adjusting the Gauge

The gauge is factory calibrated. Due to long time operation or contamination, a zero drift could occur. Periodically check the zero and adjust it if necessary.

For adjusting the zero, operate the gauge under the same constant ambient conditions and in the same mounting orientation as normally.

The gauge is adjusted to default values. However, it can also be adjusted to other pressure values, if the exact pressure value is known (reference measurement).



If you are using a seal with centering ring and filter, check that they are clean or replace them if necessary  $(\rightarrow$  "Deinstallation").

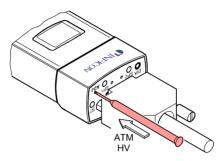


Put the gauge into operation and operate it at atmospheric pressure for at least 10 minutes.





B Press the <ADJ> button with a pin (max. ø1.1 mm) and the ATM adjustment is carried out: The Pirani sensor is adjusted to 1000 mbar by default.





• Evacuate the vacuum system to  $p << 10^{-5}$  mbar and wait at least 2 minutes



Press the <ADJ> button with a pin and the HV adjustment is carried out: The gauge is adjusted to 5×10<sup>-5</sup> mbar (default).

HV adjustment to another pressure  $\rightarrow \square$  [3].

If the pressure value  $4.99 \times 10^{-5}$  mbar is output at the measurement value output or on the LCD display, the adjustment has been successful. Otherwise, repeat the adjustment procedure.



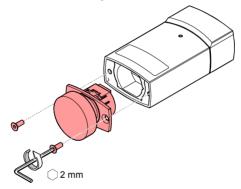
#### 6.2 **Replacing the Sensor**

In case of severe contamination or a malfunction, the sensor can be replaced.

## Precondition

Gauge deinstalled ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  49).

**U**nscrew the hexagon socket screws and remove the sensor without twisting it.





Place the new sensor without twisting it and lock it with the screws



## 6.3 Troubleshooting

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In case of an error, it may be helpful to just turn off the mains supply and turn it on again after 5 s.

Problem	Possible cause	Correction	
Output signal per- manently ≈0V	Sensor cable defective or not correctly connected	Check the sensor cable	
	No supply voltage	Turn on the power supply	
	Error	Remedy the error	
	Gauge in an undefined status	Turn the gauge off and on again after 5 s (reset)	
FAIL PIR1	Pirani sensor defective	Replace the sensor $(\rightarrow \cong 53)$	
	Electronics unit not correctly mounted on sensor	Check the connections (electronics – sensor)	
FAIL EEPROM	EEPROM error	Turn the gauge off and on again after 5 s (reset)	
		Replace the gauge	
FAIL SENSOR	Electronics unit not compatible with the sensor	Replace the sensor $(\rightarrow \cong 53)$	
		Replace the gauge	



## **Returning the Product**

7

# 

WARNING: forwarding contaminated products Contaminated products (e.g. radioactive, toxic, caustic or microbiological hazard) can be detrimental to health and environment.

Products returned to INFICON should preferably be free of harmful substances. Adhere to the forwarding regulations of all involved countries and forwarding companies and enclose a duly completed declaration of contamination <sup>7</sup>.

\*) Form under www.inficon.com

Products that are not clearly declared as "free of harmful substances" are decontaminated at the expense of the customer. Products not accompanied by a duly completed declaration of contamination are returned to the sender at his own expense.



## Disposal

8

# STOP DANGER



DANGER: contaminated parts

Contaminated parts can be detrimental to health and environment.

Before beginning to work, find out whether any parts are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.

12

WARNING

WARNING: substances detrimental to the environment

Products or parts thereof (mechanical and electric components, operating fluids etc.) can be detrimental to the environment.

Dispose of such substances in accordance with the relevant local regulations.

## Separating the components

After disassembling the product, separate its components according to the following criteria:

· Contaminated components

Contaminated components (radioactive, toxic, caustic or biological hazard etc.) must be decontaminated in accordance with the relevant national regulations, separated according to their materials, and disposed of.

· Other components

Such components must be separated according to their materials and recycled.



# Accessories

9

	Ordering No.
Centering ring with fine filter DN 16 ISO-KF	211-097
Communication adapter (2 m) <sup>6)</sup>	303-333

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6)</sup> The diagnostic software (Windows NT, XP) can be downloaded from our website.



# 10 Spare Parts

When ordering spare parts, always indicate:

- all information on the product nameplate
- description and ordering number

Sensor for gauge with tungsten (W) filament			Ordering No.
	3PI1-0x1-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF	355-925
	3PI6-0x1-xxxx	DIN 10 ISU-KF	355-925
	3PI1-0x2-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF, long tube	355-926
	3PI6-0x2-xxxx	DIN 10130-KF, long tube	335-920
	3PI1-0x4-xxxx	DN 16 CF-F	355-927
	3PI6-0x4-xxxx		355-927
	3PI1-0x5-xxxx	DN 16 CF-R, long tube	255 029
	3PI6-0x5-xxxx	DN TO CF-R, long tube	355-928
	3PI1-0x6-xxxx	DN 25 ISO-KF	355-929
0	3PI6-0x6-xxxx	DIN 25 150-KF	
PCG550	3PI1-0xD-xxxx	4 VCR female	355-932
ŏ.	3PI6-0xD-xxxx		
· · ·	3PI1-0xE-xxxx	8 VCR female	355-931
	3PI6-0xE-xxxx		
	3PI1-0xF-xxxx	1/8" NPT	355-930
	3PI6-0xF-xxxx		
	3PI1-0xK-xxxx	29×29 mm	355-934
	3PI6-0xK-xxxx	23~23 1111	
	3PI1-0xM-xxxx	4 VCR 90° female	355-935
	3PI6-0xM-xxxx		
	3PI1-0xN-xxxx	7/16-20 UNF male	355-933
	3PI6-0xN-xxxx		

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Sen	Sensor for gauge with nickel (Ni) filament		Ordering No.
	3PI2-0x1-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF	355-936
	3PI7-0x1-xxxx	DN 10150-KF	
	3PI2-0x2-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF, long tube	355-937
	3PI7-0x2-xxxx	DIN 16 ISO-KF, long tube	300-937
	3PI2-0x4-xxxx	DN 16 CF-F	355-938
	3PI7-0x4-xxxx	DN 10 CF-F	300-936
	3PI2-0x5-xxxx	DN 16 CE D lang tube	355-939
	3PI7-0x5-xxxx	DN 16 CF-R, long tube	
	3PI2-0x6-xxxx	DN 25 ISO-KF	355-940
N	3PI7-0x6-xxxx		
PCG552	3PI2-0xD-xxxx	4 VCR female	355-943
ö	3PI7-0xD-xxxx		
	3PI2-0xE-xxxx	8 VCR female	355-942
	3PI7-0xE-xxxx		
	3PI2-0xF-xxxx	1/8" NPT	355-941
	3PI7-0xF-xxxx		
	3PI2-0xK-xxxx	29×29 mm	355-945
	3PI7-0xK-xxxx		
	3PI2-0xM-xxxx	4 VCR 90° female	355-946
	3PI7-0xM-xxxx		
	3PI2-0xN-xxxx	7/16-20 UNF male	355-944
	3PI7-0xN-xxxx		



Sens	Sensor for gauge with $AI_2O_3$ coated filament		
	3PI3-0x1-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF	355-947
	3PI8-0x1-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF	
	3PI3-0x2-xxxx	DN 16 ISO KE Jana tuba	255 049
	3PI8-0x2-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF, long tube	355-948
	3PI3-0x4-xxxx	DN 16 CF-F	355-949
	3PI8-0x4-xxxx	DN 10 CF-F	
	3PI3-0x5-xxxx	DN 16 CE D long tube	355-950
	3PI8-0x5-xxxx	DN 16 CF-R long tube	
	3PI3-0x6-xxxx	DN 25 ISO-KF	355-951
4	3PI8-0x6-xxxx		
PCG554	3PI3-0xD-xxxx	4 VCR female	355-954
ŏ.	3PI8-0xD-xxxx		
· ·	3PI3-0xE-xxxx	8 VCR female	355-953
	3PI8-0xE-xxxx		
	3PI3-0xF-xxxx	1/8" NPT	355-952
	3PI8-0xF-xxxx		
	3PI3-0xK-xxxx	29×29 mm	355-956
-	3PI8-0xK-xxxx		
	3PI3-0xM-xxxx	4 VCR 90° female	355-957
	3PI8-0xM-xxxx		
	3PI3-0xN-xxxx	7/16-20 UNF male	355-955
	3PI8-0xN-xxxx		



## **Further Information**

- [1] www.inficon.com Operating Manual Single-Channel Controller VGC401 tinb01d1 German tinb01e1 English INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
- [2] www.inficon.com Operating Manual Two and Three Channel Measurement and Control Unit VGC402, VGC403 tinb07d1 German tinb07e1 English INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
- □ [3] www.inficon.com Communication Protocol Serial Interface RS232C, RS485C PCG55x, PSG55x tira59d1 German tira59e1 English INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
- □ [4] www.inficon.com Communication Protocol DeviceNet<sup>™</sup> PCG55x, PSG55x tira58e1 English INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
- [5] www.inficon.com Communication Protocol Profibus PCG55x, PSG55x tira56e1 English INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
- □ [6] Common Industrial Protocol (CIP™) Ed. 3.5 and DeviceNet<sup>™</sup> Adaption of CIP Ed. 1.6 (Open DeviceNet Vendor Association)
- □ [7] www.odva.org Open DeviceNet Vendor Association, Inc. DeviceNet<sup>™</sup> Specifications



- [8] IEC 61158 Type 3 elements: Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications IEC 61784: Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus profiles
- [9] www.profibus.comProfibus user organization

# **ETL Certification**



### ETL LISTED

The product PSG55x complies with the requirements of the following standards: ANSI/UL 61010-1, Issued: 2004/07/12 Ed: 2 Rev: 2008/10/28 CAN/CSA C22.2#61010-1, Issued: 2004/07/12 Ed: 2 (R2009)



## **EC Declaration of Conformity**

We, INFICON, hereby declare that the equipment mentioned below complies with the provisions of the Directive relating to electromagnetic compatibility 2004/108/EC.

## Pirani Standard Gauge

PSG550, PSG552, PSG554

## Standards

Harmonized and international / national standards and specifications:

- EN 61000-6-2:2005 (EMC: generic immunity standard)
- EN 61000-6-3:2007 (EMC: generic emission standard)
- EN 61010-1:2001 (Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)
- EN 61326-1:2006 (EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)

## Manufacturer / Signatures

INFICON AG, Alte Landstrasse 6, LI-9496 Balzers

10 December 2010

10 December 2010

llas Watchl

Dr. Urs Wälchli Managing Director

Claudio Christoffel Product Manager





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